



FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 27.

W.M. GLENN, Editor.

## Democratic State Ticket. ELECTION, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,  
GEN. BENJAMIN LEEKEY,  
Of Shirley County.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,  
THOMAS M. KEY,  
Of Hamilton County.

FOR MEMBER BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,  
WILLIAM LARWELL,  
Of Ashland County.

### POLITICAL CONVENTIONS.

A Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress in this (the 16th) District will be held in

MURKETT, O., ON THURSDAY, AUGUST 25.

A Convention to nominate a candidate for County Auditor, Treasurer, Prosecuting Attorney, Commissioner, Probate Judge and Intervener Director will be held at

TOWN HALL, MCCONNELLSVILLE, Saturday, Aug. 27th.

Disregarding all former differences on political questions and issues, we inviteDemocrats and all who hold conservative views to attend at the annual places of holding elections in their respective towns on

Saturday, August 11th,  
AT THE HOUR OF 3 P.M.,

And then there select two delegates to the Congressional Convention, eight delegates to the County Convention, and ten delegates to the Juvenile Convention.

The time has come when an earnest and patriotic effort should be made to restore the Union on just and equal basis. The moderation and policy of President Johnson should be honored and upheld. The principles enunciated in his Veto Messages of the Freedmen's Bureau and Civil Rights bills seem to be correct and proper, and should be sustained. We yield our hearty endorsement of part of his message that it belongs to the several States to determine such for itself the qualification of voters, and those opposed to it are opposed to all amendments of the Constitution of the United States, while eleven States of this Union are excluded and refused a voice, by their Senators and Representatives, in the national councils. Those who are opposed to the exemption of three hundred million dollars of the wealth of the country from taxation, and are in favor of making every species of wealth bear its fair and equal share of the burdens of taxation for all purposes, are cordially invited to unite in an effort to effect peace and power, the unworthy agents who are seeking and scheming to derive own special benefit, and for the perpetuation of power.

By order of the Democratic Central Committee,  
JAS. M. GAYLORD, Chairman,  
J. B. GOUDY, Secretary.

[From the Lancaster (Penn.) Intelligence.]  
Call for a State Convention of Honorable Discharged Officers, Soldiers and Sailors of Pennsylvania.

The Soldiers' Convention which met in Pittsburgh on the 5th of June last, and which pledged their comrades in this State to the support of the radical measures of Congress in opposition to the just and constitutional policy of President Johnson, and which promoted their vote to John W. Geary, the Radical candidate for Governor, misapprehended the sentiments of the great mass of the officers and soldiers of Pennsylvania. In order that a true expression of opinion might be had from the late defenders of the Government in the field, and to cauterize the injury attempted to be done to the cause of the Union, it was deemed advisable by the late officers and soldiers of the Federal army in this State to hold another Convention.

A preliminary meeting of returned officers and soldiers, with this object in view was held on Thursday, the 25th of June, when it was resolved to hold

A STATE CONVENTION AT HARRISBURG, ON WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1866,

at ten o'clock A.M., to be composed of such honorably discharged officers, soldiers and sailors of Pennsylvania, as subscribe to the following doctrine, viz:

1. Who are in favor of carrying out, in good faith, the joint resolution of Congress adopted July 23d, 1861, which declared that "This war is not prosecuted on our part in any spirit of opprobrium, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution and to preserve the Union, with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired." These were the conditions of the bond the soldiers signed and rested in blood with the Government, and a refusal now to carry them out is a gross violation of a solemn agreement.

2. Who are in favor of restoring the State in relation to all their constitutional relations with the Federal Union as they stood before the war broke out, according to the humane and constitutional policy laid down by President Johnson.

3. Who are in favor of representatives from the South, loyal to the Constitution and the laws, being immediately received by Congress.

4. Who approve President Johnson's vetoes of the Freedmen's Bureau and Civil Rights Bills.

5. Who are opposed to any interference by Congress with the rights of the States reserved by the Constitution, and who are opposed to the right of suffrage being conferred upon the negro.

6. And who are in favor of the election of Hester Clymer, Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, the representative of the constitutional and conservative doctrine stated above.

Each county will be entitled to send seven delegates to the convention; and where a county has more than one member in the House of Representatives, each county will be entitled to seven delegates for each additional member. The delegates are to be selected by the honorably discharged officers, soldiers and sailors of the counties respectively.

In addition to the delegates selected, all other honorably discharged officers, soldiers and sailors who sympathize with the object in view, are invited to meet at Harrisburg on that occasion.

The above call is signed by about three hundred honorably discharged officers and soldiers. Things are working out right throughout the whole country. Let the true Union men take courage.

**THE TENNESSEE CONGRESSMEN TO THEIR CONSTITUENTS.**

Two members of Congress elect—Fowler and Stokes—have signed the call for a Radical Convention. The others recommend the Philadelphia Johnson Convention to the people of Tennessee, saying:

You are now greatly called upon by the majority in Congress and by His Excellency the Governor to sanction an amendment to the Federal Constitution which, if ratified by the States, will deprive you of your recognized political power, and lessen the number of your representatives in the National legislative council you shall, at their bidding, withdraw the negro with the right of suffrage.

This we are willing to do under any circumstances.

We are well assured that you will not sustain a party which would thus attempt to bind us to a master, and endeavor to throw a cloud over the patriotism of Andrew Johnson, and that you will soon see men who will subvert the constitution of our fathers for hypocritical purposes.

On the 20th instant you shall, at their bidding, withdraw the negro with the right of suffrage.

To this, which is all unquestionably true, there might be added, that when he was on his way to Congress, in 1861, he emphatically declared, at Cincinnati, that not one dollar would he ever vote to carry on the so-called Abolition War. No doubt he is now running to the other extreme to escape the opposition of his own antecedents.—[Dayton Empire.]

Very respectfully,

BENJ. T. PATTERSON,  
W. B. CAMPBELL,  
N. G. TAYLOR,  
JER. W. LEITCH,  
DORSE B. THOMAS,  
EDWARD COOPER.

**ROUTINES TO NEW ENGLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.**—The New York Herald very judiciously says:

"The people of this country would profit by a law of this kind."

"He it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in Congress assembled, That \$300,000 be annually appropriated, to the iron and coal interests of Pennsylvania, and the cotton and wool interests of New England, in lieu of all protection and prohibitory trusts."

"The full cost of the bounties we now give to prop up these interests is over \$200,000,000 in the enhancement of prices, and hence the giving of this sum outright would be a profit."

It would, besides, be far more honest, as letting the people know exactly what they give to those consonant interests, whose destiny seems to be ever to rob them.

#### Soldiers' Convention.

The call for a Soldiers' Convention in Harrisburg, Penn., with the great number of names attached, shows how the soldiers of the country regard the present aspect of political affairs. The Lancaster (Penn.) Intelligencer says:

"During many years the scheme of connecting France and England by means of a high way under the Channel has from time to time been proposed, but it has hitherto generally regarded as too extravagant for serious consideration. Projects, however, which formerly would have been pronounced chimerical, have in these days been carried into effect, and we now wonder at the ignorance and timidity of our predecessors respecting invasions which to us seem exceedingly simple and obvious. A few years will probably suffice to determine the practicability of *digging* the great problem of submerging road to the continent. It is a problem which may well inspire the boldest living engineers with apprehensions, for failure will bring enormous pecuniary loss, and jeopard even the most highly-reputed reputation. Nevertheless, one of the most experienced and successful engineers of our time, Mr. Hawkshaw, has resolved to grapple with this problem, and he is, indeed, actually engaged in the preliminary explorations. Although war is the order of the day, and the British public is eager for warlike intelligence, yet the following condensed account of this peaceful project may not be unacceptable to your readers:

"Mr. Hawkshaw has long contemplated the practicability of this enterprise, and has for about two years been engaged in a geological investigation of the localities. Drills are now being made at a considerable expense in the neighborhood of Dover, and in the course of this summer, explorations will be made in mid-channel, such trials are essential in order to obtain positive knowledge concerning the nature, extent and thickness of the strata."

"It is proposed to carry on the excavation for the tunnel from both ends, as well as from shafts in the channel. At the top of the shafts powerful steam engines will be erected for pumping, for drawing up the excavated material, for supplying power to the machinery by which excavation will be effected.

"The tunnel will communicate on the French-side with the Northern of France Railway, and on the English-side with the Southwicks and London, Chatham and Dover Railway, so that there will be an unbroken line of railway communication between London and Paris."

"Secretary Seward, Secretary Wells, Postmaster General Blair, Attorney General Bates.

How They Stand.—A majority of Lincoln's original Cabinet support the President and his policy.

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